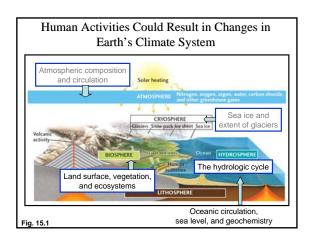
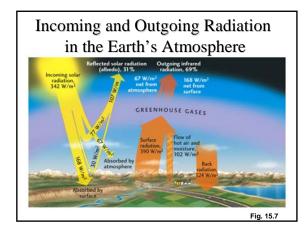
## **Climate: Big Ideas**

- Humans cause global climate change through fossil fuel combustion, land-use changes, agricultural practices, and industrial processes.
- Water's unique physical and chemical properties are essential to the dynamics of all of Earth's systems
- Understanding geologic processes active in the modern world is crucial to interpreting Earth's past
- Over Earth's vast history, both gradual and catastrophic processes have produced enormous changes.
- Earth scientists do reproducible experiments and collect multiple lines of evidence.

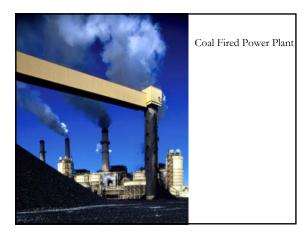






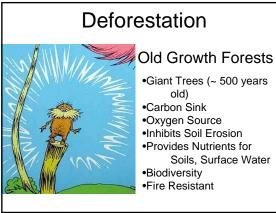


What are the greenhouse gases? (excluding H <sub>2</sub> O)	
<ul> <li>Carbon Dioxide:</li> </ul>	49%
<ul> <li>Methane:</li> </ul>	18%
• "CFC's":	14%
<ul> <li>Nitrous Oxides:</li> </ul>	6%
• Others:	13%



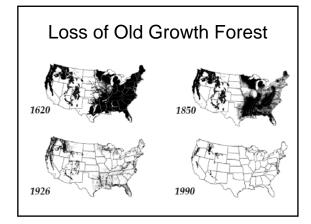
## Where does the added CO<sub>2</sub> come from?

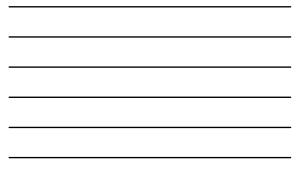
- Burning of Fossil Fuels: 75%
- Land clearing: 15%
- Manufacturing: 7%
- Fuel wood: 3%

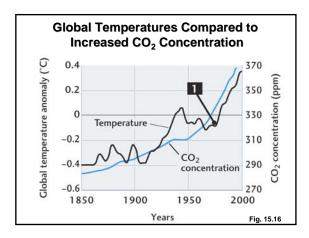




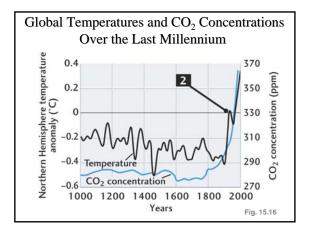














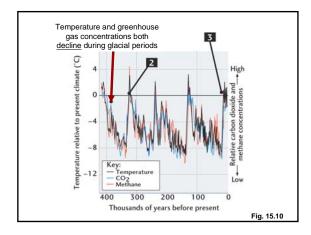


The ice core, such as at Vostok Science Station in Antarctica provides over 100,000 years of data on:

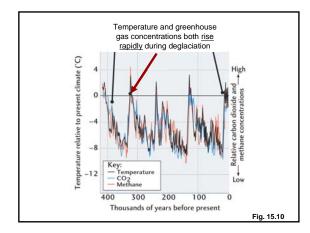
temperature,
 CO<sub>2</sub> content, and

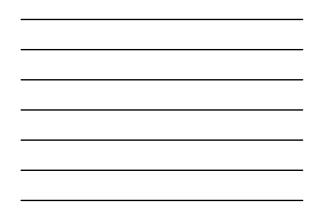
3) methane content

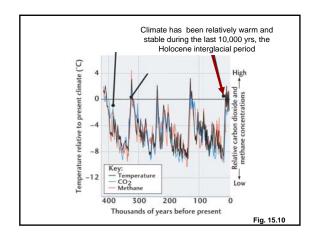
Box 15.1

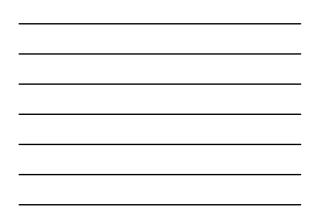












The periodicity of glacial and interglacial cycles is best explained by cyclic variations in solar energy, governed by periodic variations in the Earth's:

- Eccentricity of Earth's orbit around sun
- Tilt of Earth's rotation axis
- Precession (rotational "wobble")

